PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY CORP. (Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

VERSION

(PCT Article 36 and Bule 70)

v Endlun	(PC) Article 36 and Rt	corrected version
Applicant's or agent's file reference PCT-197	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416
International application No. PCT/ES2004/000549	International filing date (day/month/yea 09.12.2004	Priority date (day/month/year) 09.12.2003
International Patent Classification (IPC) o INV. A61P27/02	r national classification and IPC	
Applicant UNIVERSIDAD MIGUEL HERNA	NDEZ et al.	
This report is the international p Authority under Article 35 and to	oreliminary examination report, establis ransmitted to the applicant according to	shed by this International Preliminary Examining o Article 36.
This REPORT consists of a total	al of 7 sheets, including this cover shee	et.
3. This report is also accompanied	,	
	l to the International Bureau) a total of	
□ sheets of the descrip and/or sheets contai Administrative Instru	ning rectifications authorized by this At	ve been amended and are the basis of this report uthority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the
	ede earlier sheets, but which this Auth re in the international application as file	nority considers contain an amendment that goes ed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the
b. (sent to the International sequence listing and/or to	Bureau only) a total of (indicate type a ables related thereto, in electronic form sting (see Section 802 of the Administra	and number of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a nonly, as indicated in the Supplemental Box ative Instructions).
4. This report contains indications	relating to the following items:	
M	_	
☑ Box No. I Basis of the re☐ Box No. II Priority	port	
	ment of oninion with regard to nevel to	inventive step and industrial applicability
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity o		inventive step and industrial applicability
	tement under Article 35(2) with regard tations and explanations supporting su	to novelty, inventive step or industrial
☐ Box No. VI Certain docum		
Box No. VII Certain defects	s in the international application	
·	rations on the international application	
Date of submission of the demand	Date of compl	letion of this report
29.07.2005	24.04.2006	;
Name and mailing address of the internatio preliminary examining authority:	nal Authorized offi	icer
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/ES2004/000549

	Box No. I Basis of the report				
1.	. With regard to the language, thi	s report is based on			
	★ the international application	in the language in which it was filed			
	of a translation furnished for				
	\square publication of the interna	er Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)) tional application (under Rule 12.4(a)) examination (under Rules 55.2(a) and/or 55.3(a))			
2.	With regard to the elements * of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):				
	Description, Pages				
	1-16	as originally filed			
	Claims, Numbers				
	1-25	received on 29.03.2006 with letter of 29.03.2006			
	☐ a sequence listing and/or an	related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing			
3. \square The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:					
	☐ the description, pages☐ the claims, Nos.				
	☐ the drawings, sheets/figs☐ the sequence listing (spe	off():			
	any table(s) related to sec	quence listing (specify):			
4.	Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).	hed as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below ave been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the			
	☐ the description, pages ☐ the claims, Nos. 1-25 ☐ the drawings, sheets/figs				
	☐ the sequence listing (spec ☐ any table(s) related to sec	cify): uence listing <i>(specify)</i> :			
	* If item 4 applies, son	ne or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded "			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

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	Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability			
1.	The	he questions whether the claimed invention appears to be novel, to involve an inventive step (to be non- ovious), or to be industrially applicable have not been examined in respect of:		
		the entire international application,		
	\boxtimes	claims Nos. 15-25 (industrial applicability)		
	because:			
		the said international application, or the said claims Nos. 15-25 (industrial applicability) relate to the following subject matter which does not require an international preliminary examination (specify):		
		see separate sheet		
		the description, claims or drawings (indicate particular elements below) or said claims Nos. are so unclear that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify):		
		the claims, or said claims Nos. are so inadequately supported by the description that no meaningful opinion could be formed (specify).		
		no international search report has been established for the said claims Nos.		
		a meaningful opinion could not be formed without the sequence listing; the applicant did not, within the prescribed time limit:		
		☐ furnish a sequence listing on paper complying with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions, and such listing was not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.		
		☐ furnish a sequence listing in electronic form complying with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions, and such listing was not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.		
		□ pay the required late furnishing fee for the furnishing of a sequence listing in response to an invitation under Rules 13 <i>ter</i> .1(a) or (b) and 13 <i>ter</i> .2.		
		a meaningful opinion could not be formed without the tables related to the sequence listings; the applicant did not, within the prescribed time limit, furnish such tables in electronic form complying with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions, and such tables were not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.		
		the tables related to the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in electronic form only, do not comply with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.		
		See separate sheet for further details		

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

4-11, 18-25

No:

Claims

1-3, 12-17

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

5-11, 18-25

No:

Claims

1-4, 12-17

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-14; 15-25 see separate sheet

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

All applicant's arguments in the letter dated 29.03.2006 have been taken into consideration.

Comments on item I

1- With the letter dated 29.03.2006, new claims 1-25 have been filed which introduce subject matter which goes beyond the contents of the originally filed application, contrary to Art. 34 PCT.

The amendments concern the exclusion of neurotrophic factor stimulators in claims 1, 12, 15, which has no basis in the originally filed application.

The disclaimer formulated on the basis of a certain disclosure (here D1) is not allowable since D1 is of relevance for further examination of the claimed invention and it part of the prior art field to be taken into consideration. D1 undisputedly relates to the same field as that of the claimed invention, therefore, the disclaimer can not be allowed because the subject-matter to be disclaimed is considered relevant to the assessment of inventive step.

Therefore, the IPER is based on the originally filed version of the claims only.

Comments on item III

2- Claims 15-25 relate to subject-matter considered by this Authority to be covered by the provisions of Rule 67.1(iv) PCT. Consequently, no opinion will be formulated with respect to the industrial applicability of the subject-matter of these claims (Article 34(4)(a)(i) PCT).

Comments on item V

3- The documents cited in the International Search Report correspond respectively to D1-D4. Any reference to the documents in the present written opinion relates to the passages given in said report, unless otherwise indicated.

D1: WO 03 020281 A1

D2: US-A-5 767 079

D3: US-B1-6 350 781

D4: US-A-3 374 144

- 4- D1 refers to the use of compounds acting on damaged nerve endings for the treatment of dryness of the surface of the human eye caused by photorefractive surgery. It is noted that the expression "blocking agent of the electrical activity of the damaged nerve ending of the neuroma" does not appear to correspond to a group of compounds with a clear meaning for the skilled person (see item VIII below). Since the neurotrophic factor stimulators of D1 exert their action at least partially on voltage-dependent channels, this document discloses subject-matter overlapping with that of present claim 1-3 and 12-17. Furthermore, D3 and D4 disclose ophthalmic lidocaine compositions which anticipate the subject-matter of claims 12-14.
- 5- The subject-matter of claims 4 and 18 cannot be regarded as inventive, since it seems unlikely that all the embodiments covered provide a solution to the technical problem posed (provision of alternative treatment for dryness of the surface of the human eye caused by photorefractive surgery). Despite the fact that all the families covered in claims 4 and 18 must exert their physiological action throughout blockage of ion channels because of their respective claim dependencies, it would clearly be an undue burden for the skilled man to check all possible compounds belonging to all the families mentioned for their ability to block ion channels. In that sense, an inventive step appears to be lacking for the subject matter of these claims.
- 6- The subject-matter of claims 5-11 and 18-25 can be regarded as being novel and inventive: none of the available documents relates to or gives a hint about the particular compounds cited for the medical indication specified in claim 1.
- 7- For the assessment of the present claims 15-25 on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exist in the PCT Contracting States. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims. The EPO, for example, does not recognize as industrially applicable the subject-matter of claims to the use of a compound in medical treatment, but may allow, however, claims to a known compound for first use in medical treatment and the use of such a compound for the manufacture of a medicament for a new medical treatment.

Comments on item VIII

8- The term "blocking agent of the electrical activity of the damaged nerve ending of the

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

International application No.

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neuroma, as a consequence of its blocking action of the ion channel" used in claims 1 and 15 is still vague and unclear and leaves the reader in doubt as to the meaning of the technical features to which it refers, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear, Article 6 PCT. Furthermore, it is noted that sufficiency of disclosure is lacking in the sense of Art. 5 PCT, as the invention as claimed cannot be carried out by a skilled person, without undue burden or without the need of inventive skill in order to determine which agents (compounds) fall within the scope of the claims without any hint towards their structure or chemical identity.

CLAIMS

- 1. Use of a blocking agent of the electrical activity of the damaged nerve endings of the neuroma, as a consequence of its blocking action on the ion channels, excluding neurotrophic factor stimulators, particularly selected from: neotrofin, idebenone, CB-1093, (1-(1-butyl)-4-(2-oxo-1-benzimidazolone) piperidine, SS-701, KT-711, ONO-2506 and clenbuterol, for the preparation of a medicinal product for the treatment of dryness of the surface of the human eye caused by photorefractive surgery.
- the claim 1, in which according to 2. excimer laser is an surgery photorefractive photorefractive keratectomy or a laser-assisted in situ 15 keratomileusis.
- 3. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the blocking agent is selected from those that exert their action on the voltage-dependent sodium, calcium, chlorine and potassium channels.
- 4. Use according to any one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the blocking agent is selected comprising antiepileptics, group from the anti-arrhythmic drugs, tricyclic anticonvulsants, 25 anaesthetics, local and antidepressants and combinations thereof.
- 5. Use according to claim 4, characterized in that the blocking agent is selected from the group comprising lidocaine, tocainide, n-benzyl analogues of tocainide, 30 carbamazepine, phenytoin, mexiletine, lamotrigine, amitriptyline, N-phenylethyl amitriptyline, venlafaxine, desipramine, gabapentin, nifekalant, nefazodone, pregabalin, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof. 35

- 6. Use according to claim 5, characterized in that the blocking agent is carbamazepine.
- 7. Use according to claim 5, characterized in that the blocking agent is phenytoin.
- 8. Use according to claim 5, characterized in that the 5 blocking agent is mexiletine.
 - 9. Use according to claim 5, characterized in that the blocking agent is lidocaine.
- 10. Use according to claim 5, characterized in that the blocking agent is tocaidine. 10
 - 11. Use according to claim 5, characterized in that the blocking agent is pregabalin.
- ophthalmic Pharmaceutical composition for 12. application that comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a blocking agent of the electrical activity 15 of the damaged nerve endings of the neuroma, as a consequence of its blocking action on the ion channels, excluding neurotrophic factor stimulators, particularly selected from: neotrofin, idebenone, CB-1093, (1-(1butyl)-4-(2-oxo-1-benzimidazolone) piperidine, SS-701, 20 KT-711, ONO-2506 and clenbuterol; and also excluding of suitable amounts with together lidocaine, pharmaceutically acceptable excipients for constituting an ophthalmic formulation.
- 13. Composition according to claim 12, characterized in 25 that the blocking agent is in an amount between 0.0005 and 1% (w/v).
- 14. Composition according to claim 13, characterized in that the blocking agent is in an amount between 0.0005 and 0.1% (w/v). 30

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- 15. Method of treatment of a mammal, including a human, suffering from dryness of the ocular surface caused by photorefractive surgery, which comprises the ophthalmic administration of an agent for blocking the electrical activity of the damaged nerve endings of the neuroma, as a consequence of its blocking action on the ion channels, excluding neurotrophic factor stimulators, particularly selected from: neotrofin, idebenone, CB-(1-(1-butyl)-4-(2-oxo-1-benzimidazolone)piperidine, SS-701, KT-711, ONO-2506 and clenbuterol, suitable amounts of pharmaceutically together with excipients for constituting a acceptable formulation.
- 16. Method according to claim 15, characterized in that 15 the photorefractive surgery is an excimer laser photorefractive keratectomy or a laser-assisted in situ keratomileusis.
- 17. Method according to any one of the claims 15-16, characterized in that the blocking agent is selected from those that exert their action on the voltage-dependent sodium, calcium, chlorine and potassium channels.
- 18. Method according to any one of the claims 15-17, characterized in that the blocking agent is selected antiepileptics, 25 comprising the group anti-arrhythmic tricyclic anticonvulsants, drugs, anaesthetics, antidepressants and local and combinations thereof,
- 19. Method according to claim 18, characterized in that
 30 the blocking agent is selected from the group
 comprising lidocaine, tocainide, n-benzyl analogues of
 tocainide, mexiletine, lamotrigine, carbamazepine,
 phenytoin, amitriptyline, N-phenylethyl amitriptyline,
 desipramine, gabapentin, nifekalant, venlafaxine,

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nefazodone, pregabalin, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

- 20. Method according to claim 19, characterized in that the blocking agent is carbamazepine.
- 5 21. Method according to claim 19, characterized in that the blocking agent is phenytoin.
 - 22. Method according to claim 19, characterized in that the blocking agent is mexiletine.
- 23. Method according to claim 19, characterized in that 10 the blocking agent is lidocaine.
 - 24. Method according to claim 19, characterized in that the blocking agent is tocaidine.
 - 25. Method according to claim 19, characterized in that the blocking agent is pregabalin.

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